Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

## Fairfield Area School District

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Fairfield Area School District Fairfield, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairfield Area School District as of and for the year June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fairfield Area School District, as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 8, the OPEB Schedule of Funding Progress on page 48, the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule on page 49, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – PSERS on page 50, and the Schedule of School District's Contributions – PSERS on page 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fairfield Area School District's basic financial statements. The detailed original budget comparison schedule is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The detailed original budget comparison schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the detailed comparison schedule is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Smith Elliott Learns : Company, LLC

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania December 20, 2016

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Fairfield Area School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The MD&A is to provide the reader simpler insight into management's analysis of the audit. This MD&A looks at the School District's financial performance as a whole, although readers should review, in detail, the Independent Auditor's Report, financial statements and notes to the financial statements to augment their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Components of the School District's financial report include this report, basic financial statements outlining the government wide reporting, fund financial statements to include the reconciliatory statements, financial statement footnotes, and other required supplementary information as presented. The notes to the financial statements provide a wealth of information to the reader relative to funds, descriptions and explanations.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using the accrual method of accounting which is used by private-sector companies. The accrual method recognizes the financial effect of transactions, events, and interfund activities when they occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School District's assets and liabilities.

The two government-wide statements report the School District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the School District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position is an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the School District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the School District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the School District are divided into two categories:

- ➤ Governmental activities All of the School District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, support services, and administration. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- > Business-type activities The School District operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help cover the costs of the food service operation.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position,

not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary funds** – These funds are used to account for the School District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is concentrated on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the School District charges customers for services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units in the School District – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the School District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information.

**Fiduciary funds** – The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some scholarship funds as well as student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The Statement of Net Position provides a consolidation of all governmental funds into one statement with current and non-current assets, current and non-current liabilities, and displays the total net position of all governmental funds properly reconciled. It also provides the same for those business activities run by the School District which, in the case of Fairfield, is the Food Service Fund. It is presented using the accrual basis for accounting.

			Governmental Business-ty Activities Activities				Total			ı		
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Assets												
Current and Other Assets	\$	7,535,912	\$	5,765,664	\$	47,352	\$	25,123	\$	7,583,264	\$	5,790,787
Capital Assets, Net		11,120,741		12,225,371		-		592		11,120,741		12,225,963
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred Charges on Bond Refunding		522,397		447,441		-		-		522,397		447,441
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Liability		2,044,107		1,856,646		61,161		38,039		2,105,268		1,894,685
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	\$	21,223,157	\$	20,295,122	\$	108,513	\$	63,754	\$	21,331,670	\$	20,358,876
Liabilities	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Current Liabilities	\$	2,946,671	\$	2,796,455	\$	12,577	\$	10,239	\$	2,959,248	\$	2,806,694
Non-Current Liabilities		39,203,378	_	38,518,328	_	473,101	_	417,496	_	39,676,479	_	38,935,824
Total Liabilities		42,150,049		41,314,783		485,678		427,735		42,635,727		41,742,518
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Deferred inflows related to pension liability		482,677		1,447,382		10,051		29,654		492,728		1,477,036
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(6,526,469)		(6,325,244)		-		592		(6,526,469)		(6,324,652)
Restricted		196,724		230,312		-		-		196,724		230,312
Unrestricted	_	(15,079,824)	_	(16,372,111)		(387,216)		(394,227)	_	(15,467,040)	_	(16,766,338)
Total Net Position	\$	(21,409,569)	\$	(22,467,043)	\$	(387,216)	\$	(393,635)	\$	(21,796,785)	\$	(22,860,678)

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## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

The Statement of Activities intends to display expenses net of program revenues and classifies revenues into the two categories of program and general. It identifies program revenue as charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions and then allocates them to particular expense categories where appropriate.

		Govern Activ			Business-Type Activities			Tot			
		2016		2015	2016		2015		2016		2015
REVENUES											
Program Revenues											
Charges for Services	\$	190,399	\$	155,225	\$ 250,051	\$	271,981	\$	440,450	\$	427,206
Operating Grants and Contributions		2,744,384		2,467,732	175,694		169,521		2,920,078		2,637,253
Capital Grants and Contributions		176,396		176,781	-		-		176,396		176,781
General Revenues											
Property and Other Levied Taxes		10,662,974		10,248,178	-		-		10,662,974		10,248,178
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions Unrestricted		3,856,857		3,802,535	-		-		3,856,857		3,802,535
Interest and Investment Earnings		28,679		34,341	-		-		28,679		34,341
Other		17,221		16,563					17,221		16,563
Total Revenues	_	17,676,910	_	16,901,355	 425,745	_	441,502		18,102,655	_	17,342,857
EXPENSES											
Instruction		10,548,555		10,500,011	-		-		10,548,555		10,500,011
Instructional Student Support		941,398		919,422	-		-		941,398		919,422
Administrative/Financial Support		2,145,269		2,258,202	-		-		2,145,269		2,258,202
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,164,934		1,105,222	-		-		1,164,934		1,105,222
Pupil Transportation		784,231		860,570	-		-		784,231		860,570
Community Activities				413	-		-		-		413
Student Activities		504,728		725,406	-		-		504,728		725,406
Interest on Long-Term Debt		530,321		867,142	-		-		530,321		867,142
Food Services					419,326		440,604		419,326		440,604
Total Expenses	_	16,619,436	_	16,858,942	 419,326		440,604		17,038,762		17,299,546
Excess(Deficiency)Before Transfers		1,057,474		42,413	 6,419		898		1,063,893		43,311
Transfers				(153,043)	 		153,043				
Changes in Net Position	\$	1,057,474	\$	(110,630)	\$ 6,419	\$	153,941	\$	1,063,893	\$	43,311

#### **New Accounting Pronouncements**

The following summarizes GASB Statement 68 implemented in the 2014-2015 fiscal year and the ongoing effects on the financial statements presentation and disclosure for June 30, 2016, as applicable:

GASB adopted a standard that significantly changed the accounting and reporting for pension plans at June 30, 2015. Known as GASB 68, it wanted to improve the calculation and reporting of pension costs to make it more transparent and useful information. Governments are required to report net pension liabilities as part of the statement of net position and not just as a footnote. **There is an immediate recognition of more components of the pension expense and more extensive disclosures that have a significant negative impact on the Government Wide Statement of Net Position and the Proprietary Fund - Statement of Net Position (Food Service).** 

For the 2015-2016 fiscal year the School District continues to be under new guidance relative to federal awards. In addition to raising the thresholds for various reporting requirements, the guidance attempts to reduce the risk of fraud, waste and abuse. GASB has also issued exposure drafts and technical plans which may eventually develop into new standards. Some of the areas covered include information reporting, measurement methods, fiduciary responsibilities, restructuring lease accounting, and other post-employment benefit accounting and reporting changes.

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

#### Financial Highlights

The 2015-2016 actual results reflected 62.7% in local revenues, 35.7% in state revenues, and 1.6% in federal revenues for the General Fund, which reflects no change in the decreased state and federal funding for districts.

#### **Balance Sheet/Fund Balances:**

- **General Fund/Budget** Total fund balance is \$4,721,439; the unassigned portion is \$3,081,130 with the remaining portion committed for capital projects and purchases. The fund balance was positively impacted during the 2015-2016 fiscal year by \$1,525,179. Total revenues overall were \$1,158,212 favorable to the original budget mainly due to increased earned income, delinquent collections, and transportation subsidy. We continue to expect delinquent collections to decrease as properties are exonerated, reassessed, and change owners. A portion of the increase in earned income was anticipated and included in the 2016-2017 budget to cover operational expenses. We did receive an additional \$54,233 in Basic Educational Subsidy due to the fact we budgeted using 2014-2015 numbers and received an unexpected increase. Expenditures were favorable to the original budget by \$574,030 mainly due to a significant decrease in anticipated special education expense. Retirement expense was also lower than anticipated due to reduced salary expense. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year we anticipate a sharp rise in special education costs comparatively. We should note that the 2015-2016 budget was created using \$455,582 from fund balance to effectively balance the budget.
- Capital Reserve Fund A fund balance of \$ 196,724 exists to be used for future capital projects and building needs and to complete those items budgeted but not completed prior to the end of the fiscal year. A fund transfer of \$ 184,918 was made during 2015-2016 to complete projects such as the elementary playground, auditorium sound and lighting, cable runs, purchase math curriculum, technology equipment, wall mats, and cameras. Many of these projects are complete and much more dialogue will be held in the near future to review capital needs. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, for example, the board appropriated \$ 139,471 to be transferred for heaters, chiller overhaul, bleacher inspection, camera installation, and other smaller items.
- **Food Service Fund** After many years of continuous loss, the food service fund had another successful year. From a strictly operational perspective, with revenues totaling \$ 425,745 and expenses totaling \$ 408,275, the food service fund had a positive net profit from operations of \$ 17,470. \$11,051 was recorded to retirement expense as the current portion of the pension liability but is a non-cash expense causing the actual fund balance increase to reflect only \$ 6,419. Due to the requirements set forth by GASB 68 and because the food service is treated as a proprietary fund, the financials reflect a negative net position of \$ 387,216. This is all non-cash expense and should not be misconstrued as an operating loss.
- Private Purpose Trust Fund Net Position of \$ 12,066.
- Agency Fund Assets of \$ 73,559

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2016, the School District had \$ 34,040,616 invested in capital assets including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. Accumulated depreciation on the capital assets currently totals \$ 22,919,875. Food service machinery and equipment is fully depreciated at \$ 262,195.

Net capital assets breakdown is as follows:

	2016			2015
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation				
Land	\$	422,050	\$	422,050
Site Improvements		113,419		145,799
Building and Building Improvements		10,205,364		11,246,529
Furniture & Equipment		379,908		346,941
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	11,120,741	\$	12,161,319

Outstanding Debt on June 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2016 2015		
<b>General Obligation Bonds</b>				
Series of 2009	-	\$	5,990,000	
Series of 2012A	3,970,000		3,970,000	
Series of 2012B	2,505,000		2,595,000	
Series of 2015	6,275,000		6,315,000	
Series of 2016	5,230,000		-	
	\$ 17,980,000	\$	18,870,000	

Series 2009, callable in 2016, was refinanced with the issuance of the Series of 2016 at a savings of \$201,990 and no increase in longevity.

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## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

#### Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions - Future Economic Factors

The Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Fairfield Education Association expired on June 30, 2016. The district is currently still in negotiations.

Obviously, the School District is concerned about many factors such as future Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) requirements, potential tax appeals, facility and technology needs with very large price tags such as a roof and track replacement, and the continuing uncertainty regarding state and federal revenues accompanied by an increase in mandates.

The PSERS percentage for fiscal year 2015-2016 was 25.84 and the percentage for 2016-2017 is 30.03. Estimates for 2017-2018 originally reflected a percentage of 32.04 but that has now been certified at 32.57. Using the budgeted salary dollars for 2016-2017 this will be a minimum increase of \$ 90,000 in operational dollars for 2017-2018. This is net of the anticipated reimbursement from the state.

For the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 fiscal years, the board did not authorize a millage increase so no new local revenue was generated thru the taxation process. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the adjusted index was 2.9%, which allowed for a millage increase of .2810, generating approximately \$ 220,000 in new local revenue for the district which the board approved. The adjusted index for 2017-2018 is 3.1% or .3091 mills which would equate to approximately \$ 250,000 in new revenue should the board vote for a tax increase. It is important to note that the board did authorize a resolution, in November, that they would not raise taxes by more than the index through referendum or seeking exceptions.

There is potential litigation involving Mr. William Chain, previous Superintendent, but at this time, there is no ability to speculate on the outcome from a financial perspective.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT REGARDING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial reporting is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and show the Board's accountability for the revenue it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Caroline Dean, Business Manager at Fairfield Area School District, 4840 Fairfield Rd, Fairfield, Pennsylvania 17320.

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,358,314	\$ 22,608	\$ 5,380,922
Receivables:			
Taxes	877,847	-	877,847
Intergovernmental Other	1,218,489	-	1,218,489
Other Internal balances	18,390	-	18,390
Internal balances Inventories	189	(189) 24,933	- 24,933
Total current assets	7,473,229	47,352	7,520,581
Noncurrent Assets			
Other receivables	11,250	-	11,250
Prepaid bond insurance, net	51,433	-	51,433
Land (not depreciated)	422,050	-	422,050
Site improvements, net	113,419	-	113,419
Buildings and building improvements, net	10,205,364	-	10,205,364
Furniture and equipment, net	379,908		379,908
Total noncurrent assets	11,183,424	- 45.55	11,183,424
TOTAL ASSETS	18,656,653	47,352	18,704,005
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	2,044,107	61,161	2,105,268
Deferred charge on bond refunding  Total deferred outflows of resources	522,397 2,566,504	61.161	<u>522,397</u> 2,627,665
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 21,223,157	\$ 108,513	\$ 21,331,670
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 116,084	\$ 11,972	\$ 128,056
Accrued salaries and benefits/withholdings	1,511,859	-	1,511,859
Due to other governments	217,916	-	217,916
Accrued interest	37,760	-	37,760
Unearned revenues	24,426	-	24,426
Portion due or payable within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	981,045	-	981,045
Capital lease payable Compensated absences	29,885 27,696	- 605	29,885 28,301
Total current liabilities	2,946,671	12,577	2,959,248
	2,940,071	12,377	2,535,240
Noncurrent liabilities			
Portion due or payable after one year: General obligation bonds payable	17,117,200		17,117,200
Capital lease payable	41,477	-	41,477
Net pension obligation	21,708,853	468,585	22,177,438
Net OPEB obligation	234,168	-	234,168
Compensated absences	101,680	4,516	106,196
Total noncurrent liabilities	39,203,378	473,101	39,676,479
TOTAL LIABILITIES	42,150,049	485,678	42,635,727
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred inflows related to pension liability	482,677	10,051	492,728
. ,			
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets	(6,526,469)		(6,526,469)
Restricted	196,724	· -	196,724
Unrestricted	(15,079,824)	(387,216)	(15,467,040)
TOTAL NET POSITION	(21,409,569)	(387,216)	(21,796,785)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 21,223,157	\$ 108,513	\$ 21,331,670

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) R	evenue and Change	s in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:				_		_	
Instruction	\$ 10,548,555	\$ 148,275	\$ 1,853,274	\$ -	\$ (8,547,006)	\$ -	\$ (8,547,006)
Instructional student support	941,398	-	104,575	-	(836,823)	-	(836,823)
Administrative and financial support services	2,145,269	-	160,128	-	(1,985,141)	-	(1,985,141)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,164,934	-	58,558	-	(1,106,376)	-	(1,106,376)
Pupil transportation	784,231	=	502,257	=	(281,974)	-	(281,974)
Student activities	504,728	42,124	65,592	<u>-</u>	(397,012)	-	(397,012)
Interest expense	530,321			176,396	(353,925)		(353,925)
Total governmental activities	16,619,436	190,399	2,744,384	176,396	(13,508,257)		(13,508,257)
Business-type activities:							
Food services	419,326	250,051	175,694	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	6,419	6,419
Total primary government	\$ 17,038,762	\$ 440,450	\$ 2,920,078	\$ 176,396	\$ (13,508,257)	\$ 6,419	\$ (13,501,838)
	General revenues	=					
			rposes, public utility r	ealty tax,			
	earned incom				\$ 10,662,974	\$ -	\$ 10,662,974
	•	es and contributions r	not restricted		3,856,857	-	3,856,857
	Investment ear				28,679	-	28,679
	Miscellaneous i				17,221		17,221
	Total general	revenues			14,565,731		14,565,731
	Change in no	et position			1,057,474	6,419	1,063,893
	Net position - begir	nning			(22,467,043)	(393,635)	(22,860,678)
	Net position - endir	ng			(\$ 21,409,569)	(\$ 387,216)	(\$ 21,796,785)

	General Fund		Go	Other vernmental Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,154,817	\$	203,497	\$	5,358,314
Taxes receivable, net		877,847		-		877,847
Due from other funds		-		9,173		9,173
Intergovernmental receivables		1,218,489		-		1,218,489
Other receivables		18,390		-		18,390
Other receivables - long term		11,250		-		11,250
Total assets	\$	7,280,793	\$	212,670	\$	7,493,463
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	100,138	\$	15,946	\$	116,084
Due to other funds		8,984		-		8,984
Due to other governments		217,916		-		217,916
Unearned revenues		24,426		-		24,426
Accrued salaries and benefits/withholdings		1,511,859		-		1,511,859
Total liabilities		1,863,323	_	15,946		1,879,269
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable tax revenue		519,635		_		519,635
Unavailable grant revenue		176,396		_		176,396
Total deferred inflows of resources		696,031				696,031
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Long-term receivables		11,250		_		11,250
Restricted Fund Balance		11,230				11,230
Future capital improvements		_		196,724		196,724
Committed Fund Balance				170,721		170,721
Future elementary carpet		20,000		_		20,000
Future auditorium sound/lighting		20,000		_		20,000
Future roofing project		200,000		_		200,000
Future vehicle replacements		55,000		_		55,000
Future track replacement project		425,000		_		425,000
Future painting project		10,000		-		10,000
Future technology projects		100,000		-		100,000
Future capital improvement projects - other		764,421		-		764,421
2016-2017 budget deficit		34,638		-		34,638
Unassigned Fund Balance		3,081,130		-		3,081,130
Total fund balances		4,721,439		196,724		4,918,163
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	7,280,793	\$	212,670	\$	7,493,463

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net **Position**

## June 30, 2016

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	4,918,163
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.  Cost of assets  Accumulated depreciation	34,040,616 (22,919,875)		11,120,741
Other assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statement, but are reported in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Taxes receivable Rental subsidy receivable	519,635 176,396		696,031
Prepaid bond insurance is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds when the debt is first issued. The Statement of Net Position reports prepaid bond insurance as an asset.			51,433
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and thus are not included in the balance sheet of governmental funds, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities and associated deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources consist of:			
General obligation bonds payable Deferred charge on bond refunding Accrued interest expense Compensated absences OPEB liability Net pension liability Deferred outflows related to pension liability Deferred inflows related to pension liability Capital leases	(18,098,245) 522,397 (37,760) (129,376) (234,168) (21,708,853) 2,044,107 (482,677) (71,362)		
Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		<u></u> ( <u>\$</u>	(38,195,937) 21,409,569)

# FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Other Governmental				
DEVENIES	Ge	eneral Fund		Fund		Funds	
REVENUES							
Local revenues	ф	10 702 210	ф		φ	10.702.210	
Taxes	\$	10,702,210	\$	-	\$	10,702,210	
Investment earnings		28,435		244		28,679	
Revenue from intermediate sources		146,231		-		146,231	
Other		255,496		-		255,496	
State sources		6,268,410		-		6,268,410	
Federal sources		138,724		<del>-</del>		138,724	
Total revenues		17,539,506		244	_	17,539,750	
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		9,216,839		-		9,216,839	
Support services		4,782,798		-		4,782,798	
Operation of non-instructional services		478,030		-		478,030	
Facilities acquisition, construction and improvements		-		218,750		218,750	
Debt service							
Principal		1,008,059		-		1,008,059	
Interest		592,202				592,202	
Total expenditures		16,077,928		218,750		16,296,678	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	-	1,461,578		(218,506)	_	1,243,072	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from long term financing		6,050,000		-		6,050,000	
Payment to refund long term debt		(5,990,000)		-		(5,990,000)	
Original issue bond premium		188,519		_		188,519	
Interfund transfers		(184,918)		184,918		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		63,601		184,918		248,519	
	-						
Net change in fund balances		1,525,179		(33,588)	_	1,491,591	
Fund balances - beginning		3,196,260		230,312		3,426,572	
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,721,439	\$	196,724	\$	4,918,163	

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund **Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities** Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:		\$ 1,491,591
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays	(1,196,991) 157,005	(1,039,986)
Because certain taxes will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Unavailable tax revenues changed by this amount this year.		(39,236)
Governmental funds do not present grant revenues that are unavailable to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.		176,396
Capital lease payments and borrowings are an expenditure or other financing source in the governmental funds, but reduce or increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		57,756
The issuance of general obligation bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. Likewise, the payment to refund bonds uses current financial resources, but also has no effect on net position. Governmental funds report bond insurance costs, bond discounts and premiums, and other similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Series of 2016 Issuance of general obligation bonds Payment to currently refund bonds Prepaid bond insurance	(6,050,000) 5,990,000 11,351	
Bond premium  Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premium, discount, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	(188,519)	(237,168)
Repayment of general obligations - principal Amortization of bond premium, discounts, prepaid bond insurance, and deferred charge on bond refundings		950,000 54,962
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and thus are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the difference between the amount incurred and the amount paid of:		
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows  OPEB liability  Compensated absences	(310,361) (44,776)	
Accrued interest	(8,926) 7,222	(356,841)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,057,474

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund** June 30, 2016

	Food Service
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,608
Inventory	24,933
Total current assets	47,541
Noncurrent Assets	
Furniture and equipment	262,195
Accumulated depreciation	(262,195)
Total noncurrent assets	
Total assets	47,541
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pension liability	61,161
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 108,702
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 11,972
Compensated absences	605
Due to other funds	189
Total current liabilities	12,766
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net pension liability	468,585
Compensated absences	4,516
Total noncurrent liabilities	473,101
Total liabilities	485,867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pension liability	10,051
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	(387,216)
Total net position	(387,216)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 108,702

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Food Service
OPERATING REVENUE	
Food service revenues	\$ 250,051
Total operating revenues	250,051
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Food and milk purchases	172,457
Salaries	151,034
Employee benefits	73,041
Supplies	11,075
Repairs and maintenance	6,493
Dues and fees	1,720
Depreciation	592
Other purchased services	2,760
Travel and training	154
Total operating expenses	419,326
Operating (loss)	(169,275)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Federal subsidies	142,644
State subsidies	33,050
Total nonoperating revenue	175,694
Change in net position	6,419
Net position - beginning	(393,635)
Net position - ending	\$ (387,216)

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Food Service			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from food sales	\$ 250,051			
Cash payments to suppliers for goods	(161,699)			
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees	(210,640)			
Cash payments for services	(9,253)			
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(131,541)			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Federal subsidies	115,932			
State subsidies	34,454			
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	150,386			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	18,845			
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	3,763			
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	22,608			
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations				
to net cash provided by operating activities				
Operating (loss)	(169,275)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities				
Donated food used	27,401			
Depreciation	592			
Increase in inventories	(5,868)			
Increase in interfund payables	391			
Increase net pension liability and related items	11,051			
Increase in compensated absences	1,993			
Increase in accounts payable	2,174			
Total adjustments	37,734			
Net cash (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (131,541)</u>			

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** June 30, 2016

	Agen	Private Purpose Trust Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,559	\$	12,566
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	73,559	\$	12,566
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	500
Due to student groups		73,559		-
Total liabilities		73,559	-	500
NET POSITION				
Net position held in trust for scholarships		-		12,066
Total net position				12,066
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$</u>	73,559	\$	12,566

## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position** Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 570
Total additions	570
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships and awards/grants	1,070
Total deductions	1,070
Change in net position	(500)
Net position - beginning	12,566
Net position - ending	\$ 12,066

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Nature of Operations**

Fairfield Area School District (School District) operates a public school system which is comprised of the Boroughs of Fairfield and Carroll Valley and Townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty in Adams County, Pennsylvania.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board defines the criteria used to determine the composition of the reporting entity. These standards require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, (3) organizations that are fiscally dependent on the primary government and a financial benefit or burden exists, and (4) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School District is not a component unit of any other entities and there are no entities that are a component unit of the School District.

#### Joint Ventures

The following joint ventures are not component units of Fairfield Area School District and are not included in this report.

**Lincoln Intermediate Unit #12** - is a separate legal entity organized by constituent school districts in York, Adams, and Franklin counties to provide services to the school districts. Each member school district appoints members to serve on the Board of Directors of the Intermediate Unit. The School District contracts with the Intermediate Unit primarily for special education services and training.

**Upper Adams and Bermudian Springs School Districts Special Education Consortium** – The Upper Adams and the Bermudian Springs School Districts are in an agreement with the School District to provide special education services to students on an as-needed basis to help reduce the cumulative service costs. Each servicing school district provides specialized services to each other, billed according to seat costs specified by the servicing school district and agreed upon at a meeting of the member school districts conducted annually. The agreement automatically renews annually unless written termination request from all participants occurs.

Complete financial statements for each of the entities described above can be obtained from the respective administrative office. The School District has no equity interest in the above joint ventures.

#### Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The measurement focus is on the flow of expendable resources, rather than on net earnings determination.

The School District reports the following major governmental fund:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property, earned income, and other taxes, and state and federal grants. Many of the more important activities of the School District, including instruction, administration, and certain noninstructional services are accounted for in this fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balance is considered as resources available for use.

The School District reports the following non-major governmental fund:

#### Capital Reserve Fund

This fund is authorized under Pennsylvania Local Government Unit Debt Act, 53 PA. C.S., Section 8001 et seg., as amended, and accounts for monies transferred during any fiscal year from appropriations. These funds must be used for capital improvements.

#### **Proprietary Fund**

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The focus of proprietary funds is on the determination of net earnings and capital maintenance. The following fund is utilized:

#### Food Service Fund - Enterprise Fund - Major Fund

This fund accounts for all revenues and expenses pertaining to cafeteria operations as authorized under Section 504 of the Public School Code of 1949. It is the intent of the governing body that the cost of providing food or services to the students on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans.

#### Fund Accounting (Continued)

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust fund which accounts for a scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Student Activity Funds are classified as Agency Funds.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District, and for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### Basis of Presentation (Continued)

**Fund Financial Statements** - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds (if applicable) are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position (total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is used as a practical measure of economic resources and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation is charged as expense against current operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Revenue from federal, state, and other grants designated for payment of specific School District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred and the revenue is available, which is generally 60 days; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as a liability until earned.

#### Basis of Accounting (Continued)

If time eligibility requirements are not met, a deferred inflow of resources would be recorded. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses of the food service fund generally a result from providing food services, including charges for meals and the costs of food, salaries and benefits, depreciation, and other expenses. Federal and State subsidies are considered non-operating revenues as no exchange transaction occurs.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Site improvements 20 years
Buildings and building improvements 20 - 30 years
Furniture and equipment 5 - 20 years

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflow of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The School District has several items that qualify for reporting in this category, including the deferred charge on bond refunding, employer contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date of the pension plan, and other items related to the School District's proportionate share of the pension plan as described in Note 10. These will be amortized in future periods. A deferred charge on bond refunding results from the difference in carrying value of refunding debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statements element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District's deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position consists of various items related to the School District's proportionate share of the pension plan as described in Note 10. The School District also reports unavailable tax and grant revenue as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### Interfund Activity/Internal Balances

Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. Interfund balances and transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions, if any, between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An operating budget is adopted each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the School District's budget and reporting of its financial statements, specifically:

- 1. The School District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.
- 2. The Board of School Directors may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members of the Board is required.
- 3. Fund balances in budgetary funds may be appropriated based on resolutions passed by the Board, which authorizes the School District to make expenditures. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period.
- 4. Included in the General Fund budget are program budgets as prescribed by the state and federal agencies funding the programs. These budgets are approved on a program-by-program basis by the state or federal funding agency. These programs frequently result in supplementary budget appropriations.

Capital budgets are not implemented for capital improvements and capital projects in the capital reserve fund. All transactions of the capital reserve fund are approved by the Board prior to commitment, thereby constructively achieving budgetary control.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes all demand deposits, petty cash, savings, money market accounts, PSDLAF accounts, and certificates of deposit with an original maturity of less than three months owned by the School District. Investments include certificates of deposit with an original maturity of greater than three months. Investments are stated at market value. Accrued interest is included with other receivables on the statement of net position/balance sheet.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, the School District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventory

Inventory in the Food Service Fund consists of expendable supplies and food (valued at cost) held for consumption. The expendable supplies are recorded as an expense when used. The cost of governmental fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased in the fund financial statements. Governmental fund supplies inventories are not deemed to be significant at June 30.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the statement of net position. This same treatment also applies to proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and original issue discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Prepaid bond insurance is reported as an asset and amortized over the term of the related debt. Other bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond insurance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and original issue discounts or premiums are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs and underwriter's discount, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as support service expenditures.

#### **Retirement Plans**

The School District contributes to the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The School District accounts for the plan under the provisions of GASB Statements, which establish standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, assets, and note disclosures.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSER's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Liability for compensated absences is accounted for in accordance with the provisions of the GASB. These provisions require entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave, or payments in lieu of accrued vacation or sick leave, as such benefits are earned and payment becomes probable.

The estimated liability for accumulated unpaid sick leave has been calculated using the vesting method in accordance with the provision of the GASB. Under that method, the School District has identified the accrued sick leave benefit earned to date by each employee, determined the cost of that benefit earned to date by each employee, determined the cost of that benefit by reference to the benefit provisions and the current rates paid by the School District, and estimated the probability of the payment of that benefit to employees upon retirement.

Payments for vacation, sick pay, and personal leave are expensed as paid in the governmental fund financial statements.

Liabilities for vested, unused vacation, sick pay, and personal leave are recorded in the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements, and are expensed as incurred.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension

The School District provides post-retirement benefits by permitting retired employees the ability to participate in the employee health plan at the same premium rate, albeit 100% paid for by the retirees. Consequently, the School District is providing an implicit rate subsidy to its retirees. These benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

In addition to the postemployment benefit detailed above, the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) also provides a health insurance premium assistance program for all eligible employees, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan.

#### Net Position -Government-Wide/Proprietary Funds

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets**: This component consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those capital assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent bond proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment of capital assets. Rather, that portion of debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to acquisition, construction, or improvement of assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

#### Net Position -Government-Wide/Proprietary Funds (Continued)

**Restricted Net Position**: This category of net position has constraints placed on the use by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position as of June 30, 2016 consists of \$ 196,724 for future capital improvements.

**Unrestricted Net Position**: This category of net position is the net amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

**Net Position Flow Assumption**: Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

Governmental funds classify fund balance based on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable**: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes items such as prepaid amounts, inventories, and long term amounts of loans receivable. This also includes the corpus (or principal) of permanent funds.

**Restricted**: This classification includes amounts where the constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, change or mandate payment and includes a legally enforceable requirement on the use of these funds.

**Committed**: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is in the form of a resolution which is made by the School Board. Once an amount is committed, it cannot be used for any other purpose unless changed by the same type of formal action used to initially constrain the funds.

#### Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Continued)

**Assigned**: This classification includes spendable amounts that are reported in governmental funds *other than in the General Fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The intent of an assigned fund balance should be expressed by either the School Board, or a subordinate high-level body, such as the finance committee, or business manager that is authorized to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. As detailed in its Fund Balance Policy, the finance committee or Business Manager has the authority to make assignments of fund balance. Thus these assignments can be made or changed without formal action by the Board. The assignment of fund balance cannot result in a negative unassigned fund balance.

**Unassigned**: This classification represents the portion of a spendable fund balance that has not been categorized as restricted, committed, or assigned. The general fund is the only fund which would include a positive unassigned fund balance as all other fund types must categorize amounts within the other classifications. A negative unassigned fund balance may occur in any fund when there is an over expenditure of restricted or committed fund balance. In this case, any assigned fund balance (and unassigned fund balance in the general fund) would be eliminated prior to reporting a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### Policy Regarding Order of Spending

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in multiple classifications, the School District's policy is to use restricted resources first and then apply unrestricted resources in the following order: unassigned, assigned and committed. This order of spending may be altered per board approval.

#### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Section 440.1 of the Pennsylvania School Code defines allowable investments for school districts, which are summarized as follows:

- ➤ U.S. Treasury Bills
- ➤ Short-term obligations of the U.S. Government and Federal agencies
- ➤ Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation of the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository
- ➤ Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the respective governmental entity
- > Shares of an investment company restricted under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or United States government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent

#### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Commercial paper issued by corporations or other business entities organized in accordance with federal or state law, with a maturity not to exceed 270 days
- ➤ Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, if the bankers' acceptances do not exceed 180 days maturity.
- ➤ Negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit, with a remaining maturity of three years or less.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, \$5,249,595 of the School District's bank balance of \$5,512,161 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	-
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial		
institution		-
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust		
department or agent but not in the School District's name		
(including certificates of deposit)	5	<u>,249,595</u>
	<b>\$</b> 5	,249,595

#### Credit Risk - Investments

Included in cash and cash equivalents are pooled investments in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF-MAX) of \$ 35,037. The PSDLAF-MAX is basically a mutual fund that consists of short-term money market investments and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$ 1 per share. PSDLAF-MAX deposits are invested by PSDLAF directly in portfolios of securities held by a third party custodian and are collateralized with securities held by the PSDLAF agent in a collateral pool. The School District is exposed to custodial credit risk because the collateral securities held by PSDLAF agents are not in the School District's name.

The School District does not have a formal written investment policy that limits its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2016, the School District's investments were rated as:

Investment	Standard & Poor's
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund	AAAm

#### NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Policies Followed at PSDLAF

#### **Regulatory Oversight**

The operation of PSDLAF is governed by an eleven member Board of Trustees, nine of whom are elected and two of whom serve ex officio. The Trustees have full, exclusive and absolute control and authority over the business of the Fund and its assets, subject to rights of the Settlors as provided in the Declaration of Trust.

PSDLAF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, PSDLAF follows investment procedures similar to those followed by SEC registered money market funds.

The School District has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals on accounts held at PSDLAF.

#### Valuation of Investments

In accordance with the Government Accounting Standards Board, portfolio securities are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and recording a constant amortization or accretion to maturity of any discount or premium, regardless of the impact of fluctuating interest rates on the market value of the investment.

#### Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Investments in PSDLAF-MAX are not subject to interest rate risk as the funds are accessible on a daily basis and the interest rates change daily based on market conditions.

#### NOTE 3 TAXES

The School District collects property taxes, earned income taxes, per capita and occupational taxes, and other taxes and fees primarily from taxpayers located in the Boroughs of Carroll Valley and Fairfield and the Townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty in Adams County, Pennsylvania.

Real estate taxes are considered fully collectible since liens can be filed on properties. The uncollectible portion of per capita taxes was estimated based on previous collection experience.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on assessed property values. The tax bills are mailed by the Tax Collectors on July 1 and are payable as follows:

Discount July 1 - August 31
Face September 1 - October 31
Penalty November 1 - January 15

After January 15, the bills are considered delinquent and turned over to the Adams County Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

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#### NOTE 4 TAXES RECEIVABLE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Taxes receivable and unavailable revenue (deferred inflows) in the financial statements consist of the following as of June 30, 2016:

Real estate	\$ 570,155
Earned income tax	367,805
Real estate transfer tax	18,430
Delinquent occupation tax	8,752
Amusement tax	3,337
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 (90,632)
	877,847
Taxes collected within sixty days, recorded as	
revenues in governmental funds	 (358,212)
Taxes estimated to be collected after sixty days,	
recorded as deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds	\$ 519,635

#### NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables/payables consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Funds	<b>Due From</b>			Due To
General Capital Reserve	\$	- 9,173	\$	8,984 -
Food Service		, -		189
	\$	9,173	\$	9,173

The interfund payable in the Food Service Fund due to the General Fund is due to purchases made via procurement card that were not reimbursed by June 30, 2016. The receivable in the Capital Reserve Fund is due to invoices paid by the Capital Reserve Fund that will be reimbursed by the General Fund.

Funds	Tra	ansfers In	Tra	nsfers Out
General Capital Reserve	\$	- 184,918	\$	184,918 -
•	\$	184,918	\$	184,918

Interfund transfers consist of a transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund for future capital improvements.

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#### NOTE 6 INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Local:	Consortium tuition	\$ 134,965
	Other	15,749
State:	Basic education	465,868
	Vocational education	3,444
	Transportation	62,267
	Rental (debt reimbursement)	176,396
	Ready to learn	4,709
	Social security	24,836
	Retirement	304,262
Federal:	Direct programs	 25,993
		\$ 1.218.489

#### NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the School District consists of the following as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balances			_		_	Balances
Governmental Activities:	June 30, 2015 A		Additions		Retirements		ne 30, 2016	
Cost								
Assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	422.050	\$		\$		\$	422.050
Assets being depreciated:	Ф	422,030	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	422,030
Site improvements		1,034,280		_		_		1,034,280
Buildings and building improvements		30,311,464		21,210				30,332,674
Furniture and equipment		2,115,817		135,795		-		2,251,612
Total cost		33,883,611		157,005		-		34,040,616
Less accumulated depreciation								
Site improvements		(888,481)		(32,380)		-		(920,861)
Buildings and building improvements		(19,064,935)		(1,062,375)		-		(20,127,310)
Furniture and equipment		(1,769,468)		(102,236)		-		(1,871,704)
Total accumulated depreciation		(21,722,884)	_	(1,196,991)		-	_	(22,919,875)
Capital assets, net	\$	12,160,727	\$	(1,039,986)	\$		\$	11,120,741
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>								
Cost								
Machinery and equipment	\$	262,195	\$	-	\$	-	\$	262,195
Less accumulated depreciation		(261,603)		(592)			_	(262,195)
Capital assets, net	\$	592	\$	(592)	\$		\$	

### NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,072,340
Instructional student support	252
Administrative and financial support services	60,670
Operation and maintenance of plant services	46,206
Student activities	16,628
Transportation	 895
	\$ 1,196,991

### NOTE 8 ACCRUED SALARIES AND BENEFITS

Accrued salaries and benefits consist of the following as of June 30, 2016:

### **General Fund**

Accrued salaries	\$ 633,710
Retirement	729,352
Social security	66,440
Other withholdings	 82,357
	\$ 1,511,859

### NOTE 9 LONG TERM LIABILITIES

		Beginning Balance	A	Additions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance		Current Portion	]	Long-term Portion
<b>Governmental Activities</b>												
General obligation bonds/notes payab	le											
(A) Series 2009	\$	5,990,000	\$	-	\$	(5,990,000)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
(B) Series 2012 A		3,970,000		-		-		3,970,000		-		3,970,000
(C) Series 2012 B		2,595,000		-		(90,000)		2,505,000		90,000		2,415,000
(D) Series 2015		6,315,000		-		(40,000)		6,275,000		40,000		6,235,000
(E) Series 2016		-		6,050,000		(820,000)		5,230,000		825,000		4,405,000
Unamortized bond premium												
(discount)		(65,706)		188,519		(4,568)		118,245		26,045		92,200
Subtotal - bonds/notes		18,804,294		6,238,519		(6,944,568)		18,098,245		981,045		17,117,200
Compensated absences		120,450		8,926		-		129,376		27,696		101,680
Capital lease		129,118			_	(57,756)	_	71,362	_	29,885	_	41,477
Total long-term liabilities	\$	19,053,862	\$	6,247,445	\$	(7,002,324)	\$	18,298,983	\$	1,038,626	\$	17,260,357
Business-Type Activities												
Compensated absences		3,128		1,993	_			5,121	_	605	_	4,516
Total long-term liabilities	\$	3,128	\$	1,993	\$		\$	5,121	\$	605	\$	4,516

### NOTE 9 LONG TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

- (A) On April 30, 2009 the School District issued \$ 9,975,000 of general obligation bonds Series of 2009. The proceeds were used to currently refund the general obligation bonds Series of 2004 and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. These bonds were refunded during the year ended June 30, 2016 with the issuance of the Series 2016 bonds.
- (B) On May 14, 2012 the School District issued \$ 3,970,000 of general obligation bonds Series of 2012 A. The proceeds were used to advance refund a portion of the general obligation bonds, Series 2010A, advance refund all of the general obligation bonds Series of 2010B and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. Payment on the bonds is due in varying amounts on June 1, 2029 to 2032, with interest payments due annually. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.00% to 3.25%.
- (C) On May 14, 2012 the School District issued \$ 2,870,000 of general obligation bonds Series of 2012 A. The proceeds were used to finance the School District's capital improvement plan including any necessary additions, alterations, renovations and improvements to and fixturing and equipping of the School District's facilities for the purpose of energy savings and other capital projects, to currently refund all of the general obligation bonds, Series of 2006, and to pay the cost of issuing the bonds. Payment on the bonds is due in varying amounts on June 1, 2013 to 2032. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.25%.
- (D) On April 13, 2015 the School District issued \$ 6,350,000 of general obligation bonds Series of 2015. The proceeds were used to currently refund all of the general obligation bonds Series of 2010A. Payment on the bonds is due in varying amounts on June 1, 2015 to 2028. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.30% to 3.00%.
- (E) On March 14, 2016 the School District issued \$ 6,050,000 of general obligation bonds Series of 2016. The proceeds were used to currently refund all of the general obligation bonds Series of 2009. Payment on the bonds is due in varying amounts on June 1, 2016 to 2022. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.39% to 4.00%.

As a result of the refunding, the School District will have the following benefits:

(1) Cash flow gain \$201,990 (2) Economic gain \$192,628

- (1) Represents the difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the new debt, less bond issue costs.
- (2) Represents the difference in present values of the old debt and new debt, less bond issue costs.

### Tax and Revenue Anticipation Note, Series of 2016

On August 24, 2015, the School District authorized a tax and revenue anticipation note, Series of 2016, in the amount of \$ 2,650,000 and maturing on June 30, 2016; however, this note was not utilized. The note was authorized due to the state budget impasse to ensure that cash flow needs of the School District would be met.

### NOTE 9 LONG TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The annual debt requirements for future general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	GO Bond	s - 20	12A		GO Bond	s - 2	012B		GO Bono	ls -	2015		GO Bono	ls - :	2016		To	tals	i
June 30	Principal	Interest		I	Principal Interest		Interest		Principal	]	Interest	I	Principal	1	nterest	]	Principal		Interest
2017	\$ -	\$	122.950	\$	90.000	\$	68.510	\$	40,000	\$	159,342	\$	825.000	\$	125,750	\$	955.000	\$	476,552
2018	Ψ -	Ψ	122,950	Ψ	90,000	Ψ	66,711	Ψ	35,000	Ψ	158,942	Ψ	835,000	Ψ	118,738	Ψ	960,000	Ψ	467,341
2019	-		122,950		95,000		64,911		35,000		158,522		850,000		108,300		980,000		454,683
2020	-		122,950		95,000		63,012		35,000		157,996		880,000		77,300		1,010,000		421,258
2021	-		122,950		95,000		61,112		40,000		157,418		905,000		47,400		1,040,000		388,880
2022-2026	-		614,750		630,000		267,134		3,975,000		650,348		935,000		18,700		5,540,000		1,550,932
2026-2031	2,935,000		528,500		1,115,000		162,277		2,115,000		96,150		-		-		6,165,000		786,927
2032	1,035,000		33,638		295,000		9,588		-		-		-	_	-		1,330,000	_	43,226
	\$ 3,970,000	\$ 1,	791,638	\$	2,505,000	\$	763,255	\$	6,275,000	\$	1,538,718	\$	5,230,000	\$	496,188	\$	17,980,000	\$	4,589,799

### Lease Payable

The School District is financing the purchase of copiers and information technology equipment through capital leases with vendors. At June 30, 2016, the leased assets have a gross capitalized value of \$ 216,641 and accumulated amortization of \$ 109,297, leaving a net book value of \$ 107,344 that is included in capital assets. Amortization expense of \$ 43,328 is included in depreciation expense. The aggregate amount of future principal payments required on capital leases at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

2017	\$	35,602
2018		18,721
2019		16,209
2020		12,443
		82,975
Amount representing interest		(11,613)
	\$	71,362

#### NOTE 10 PENSION PLAN

### General Information About the Pension Plan

### **Plan Description**

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.psers.state.pa.us">www.psers.state.pa.us</a>.

### General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (C) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the rights to benefits are vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined by the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefits the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

### Contributions

#### Member contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983 contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001 contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

### General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

### **Contributions (Continued)**

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

### **Employer Contributions:**

The School District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 25.0% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions recognized as revenue by the pension plan from the School District were \$ 1,648,379 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### State Funding:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania generally reimburses the School District for 50% of its retirement expense. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB standards. Therefore, the net pension liabilities and related pension expense represent 100% of the School District's share of these amounts. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized revenue of \$853,829 as reimbursement for its current year pension payments.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$ 22,177,438 in the Statement of Net Position for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2015. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was 0.0512 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0010 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School District recognized pension expense follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ 1,927,245
Business-Type Activities	\$ 45,951

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of	_	Deferred nflows of
	F	Resources	R	esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	92,000
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings		-		44,407
Changes in proportionate share - plan		375,580		339,282
Changes in proportionate share - governmental				
activities/business-type activities		17,039		17,039
Difference between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of total contributions		60,866		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,651,783		
	\$	2,105,268	\$	492,728

The \$ 1,651,783 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:									
2017	\$	(73,035)							
2018		(73,035)							
2019		(73,035)							
2020		180,970							
2021	-	(1,108)							
Total	\$	(39,243)							

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.50%, includes inflation at 3.00%
- Salary increases Effective average of 5.50%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth of \$ 1, and merit or seniority increases of 1.50%
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-200 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females. For disabled annuitants the RP-200 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the Board at its March 11, 2011 Board meeting, and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public markets global equity	22.5%	4.8%
Private markets (equity)	15.0%	6.6%
Private real estate	12.0%	4.5%
Global fixed income	7.5%	2.4%
U.S. long treasuries	3.0%	1.4%
TIPS	12.0%	1.1%
High yield bonds	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	3.0%	0.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	4.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	3.7%
MLPs/Infrastructure	5.0%	5.2%
Commodities	8.0%	3.1%
Financing (LIBOR)	(14.0%)	(1.1%)
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incr			% Increase		
		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	27,336,000	\$	22,177,438	\$	17,842,000

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.psers.state.pa.us">www.psers.state.pa.us</a>.

### Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2016 the School District had 661,755 included in accrued benefits liability, of which 533,983 is for the contractually required contribution for a portion of the first quarter and the second quarter of 2016 and 127,772 is related to the accrued payroll liability for wages incurred as of June 30, 2016.

#### NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

### **Plan Description**

The School District has a healthcare plan for retired employees of the School District, which is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Lincoln Benefit Trust. The plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for eligible retirees and their spouses. Upon reaching the earliest of Medicare age or retiree's death, all retirees cease to be covered under the School District's plan. The plan provisions, benefits available, and required reimbursements are governed by Act 110/43 of the Pennsylvania State Legislature and the collective bargaining agreement(s) between the School District and the Fairfield Education Association. The plan does not issue a publically-available financial report.

### Funding Policy

All eligible retirees are required to pay the Lincoln Benefit Trust directly for benefits elected equal to the premium determined for the purpose of COBRA as paid by the School District. For the year ended, June 30, 2016, plan members receiving benefits contributed \$87,441 in accordance with their collective bargaining agreement.

### NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School District's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 102,903
Estimated interest on net OPEB obligation	8,523
Estimated adjustment to ARC	(11,627)
Annual OPEB cost	99,799
Estimated employer contributions made	<u>(55,023</u> )
Increase in net OPEB obligation	44,776
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of the year	189,392
Net OPEB obligation – end of the year	<u>\$ 234,168</u>

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2016	\$ 99,799	42.6%	\$ 234,168
2015	100,750	42.3%	189,392
2014	76,264	44.9%	131,297

### Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan had the following funded status and progress:

			Α	ctuarial	r0)	erfunded)			UAAL as a
	Ac	tuarial Value	A	Accrued	Unf	unded AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Valuation Date		of Assets	Liab	oility (AAL)	(	"UAAL")	<b>Funded Ratio</b>	Payroll	<b>Covered Payroll</b>
01/01/14	\$	-	\$	833.876	\$	833.876	0.00%	\$ 6.242.345	13.36%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information in the future, about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

### NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

### Funding Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used, based on assumption that all employees will retire upon attainment of the eligibility requirements for retirement. The valuation assumes that 75% of eligible retirees will elect coverage in the plan, and 40% of these eligible retirees are assumed to be married and will have a spouse covered by the plan at retirement.

The actuarial assumption included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on the School District's General Fund assets, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% initially, reduced by 0.5% decrements to a rate of 5.5% in 2016. Both rates included a 2.5% cost of living adjustment and 1% real wage growth assumption for teachers and administrators. The valuation also assumes dental and vision costs will not vary by age, and life insurance costs will vary by age based on the amount of coverage times the applicable mortality factor contained in the valuation mortality table. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at the January 1, 2014 valuation was 30 years.

### Other Post-Employment Benefits – Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS)

In addition to the other post-employment benefit detailed above, the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) also provides a health insurance premium assistance program for all eligible employees who qualify and elect to participate, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. The PSERS Retirement Board is established by state law as an independent administrative board of the Commonwealth. The plan benefits and contributions are specified in the Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Code. Changes in benefit and contribution provisions must be made by legislation. Pursuant to state law, all legislative bills and amendments proposing to change the plan are to be accompanied with an actuarial note prepared by an enrolled actuary from the Public Employee Retirement Commission providing an estimate of the cost and actuarial effect of the proposed change. Under this program, School District contribution rates for premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. The PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained from their website at http://www.psers.state.pa.us/.

### NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

### Other Post-Employment Benefits – Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) (Continued)

Participating eligible employees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$ 100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible employees must obtain their health insurance through the School District. The contribution rate is set at a level necessary to establish reserves sufficient to provide premium assistance for the subsequent fiscal year. The portion of the total contribution rate for the School District and the Commonwealth used to fund the premium assistance was 0.84% for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The information below summarizes the required contributions, the percentage of required contribution contributed and the contribution rate for the current year and two preceding years:

Fiscal Year	F	Required	Percentage of Required	Contribution				
Ended	Co	ntribution	<b>Contribution Contributed</b>	Rate				
2016	\$	55,386	100.00%	0.84%				
2015		58,169	100.00%	0.90%				
2014		62,906	100.00%	0.93%				

#### NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The School District has purchased commercial insurance to cover general liability, directors and officers liability, unemployment compensation and workers' compensation. For these insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or three prior years.

The School District is a member of the Lincoln Benefit Trust. The Trust is a claims servicing pool which pays claims for hospital benefits, medical coverage for physicians' services, certain dental coverage, major medical coverage, and certain other benefits submitted by employees of the seventeen participating Schools. Each participating employer contributes to the trust amounts determined by actuarial principles which will be adequate to cover annual claim costs, operating costs, and reserves sufficient to provide stated benefits. Since each district is responsible for its own risk, additional assessments would be charged to make up any deficiency; thus this functions like a retrospectively rated program.

### NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Because Lincoln Benefit Trust acts as a claim-servicing pool, the School District remains responsible for the economic risk of providing stated benefits to employees. However, claims incurred between \$ 75,000 and \$ 300,000 are paid from the Trust mini-pool. Claims incurred over \$ 300,000 are paid from a stop loss insurance policy purchased by the Trust. Changes in net position for the School District's account at Lincoln Benefit Trust (based on audited financial statements of Lincoln Benefit Trust) were as follows for the year ended June 30, 2016:

4,630
3,911
5,067
8,033)
2,753)
6,694)
9,090)
7,038
,

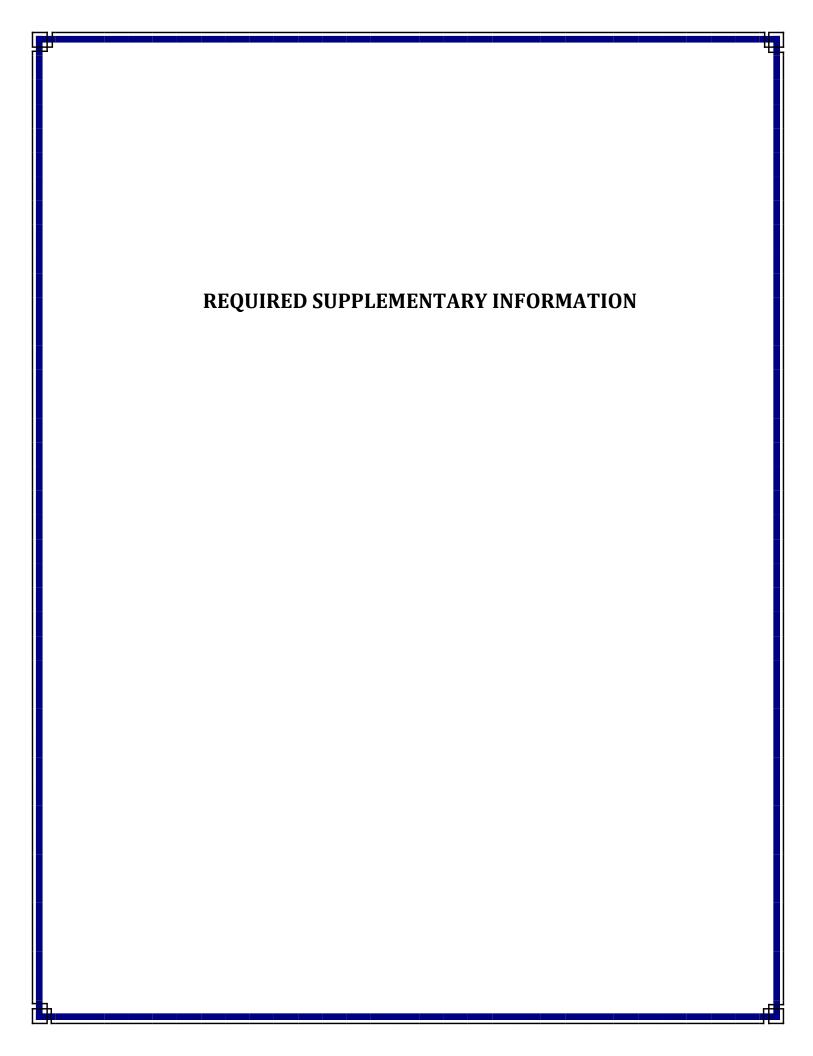
Overall, the Lincoln Benefit Trust has a net position of \$89,793,114 as of June 30, 2016 and showed an increase in net position of \$3,779,251 for the year then ended. Financial statements of the Trust are available at the School District. All expenditures for the School District's risk management are recorded in the general fund or food service fund.

### NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The School District is subject to real estate tax assessment appeals on an ongoing basis. If tax appeals are successful, the result is a loss of tax revenue to the School District. It is anticipated that any material loss of tax revenue on individual tax appeals will be offset with additional revenues from other properties or other sources of revenue and would not create a financial hardship to the School District.

The School District is involved with various lawsuits in the normal course of operations. Management cannot predict the outcome of the lawsuits or estimate the amount of any loss that may result. Accordingly, no provision for any contingent liabilities that may result have been made in the financial statements. Management believes that losses resulting from these matters, if any, would be substantially covered under the School District's professional liability insurance policy and would not have a material effect on the financial position of the School District.

The School District participates in numerous state and federal programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School District has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2016 may be impaired. In the opinion of management, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.



## FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT OPEB (Other Post Employment Benefit Plan) Unaudited Required Schedule of Funding Progress

				Actuarial	•	verfunded)			UAAL as a
	A	ctuarial Value		Accrued	Un	funded AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Valuation Date		of Assets	Lia	bility (AAL)		("UAAL")	Funded Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
01/01/14	\$	-	\$	833,876	\$	833,876	0.00%	\$ 6,242,345	13.36%
01/01/11	\$	-	\$	596,176	\$	596,176	0.00%	\$ 6,260,078	9.52%
01/01/08	\$	-	\$	711,153	\$	711,153	0.00%	\$ 5,736,460	12.40%

### FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Budget			(	Actual Budgetary/		Variance with Final
		Original		Final	(	GAAP Basis)		Budget
REVENUES								
Local Sources								
Taxes	\$	9,595,368	\$	9,595,368	\$	10,702,210	\$	1,106,842
Investment earnings		30,000		30,000		28,435		(1,565)
Revenue from intermediate sources		127,000		153,025		146,231		(6,794)
Other		191,455		191,455		255,496		64,041
State sources		6,271,547		6,271,547		6,268,410		(3,137)
Federal sources		146,517		139,899	_	138,724		(1,175)
Total revenues	_	16,361,887		16,381,294		17,539,506		1,158,212
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction								
Regular programs		6,623,165		6,491,875		6,247,286		244,589
Special programs		2,362,536		2,293,313		2,131,669		161,644
Vocational education programs		727,193		751,550		743,788		7,762
Other instructional programs		105,815		108,277	_	94,096		14,181
Total instruction	_	9,818,709	_	9,645,015	_	9,216,839	_	428,176
Support Services								
Pupil personnel		447,268		506,618		495,517		11,101
Instructional staff		258,299		271,608		254,013		17,595
Administration		1,398,536		1,374,578		1,461,087		(86,509)
Pupil health		122,366		142,543		139,791		2,752
Business		308,350		401,224		303,348		97,876
Operation and maintenance of plant		1,137,261		1,133,365		1,086,931		46,434
Student transportation		846,337		792,736		791,145		1,591
Central		308,300		332,149	_	250,966		81,183
Total support services		4,826,717	_	4,954,821	_	4,782,798	_	172,023
Operation of Noninstruction Services								
Student activities and community services		457,068		558,589		478,030		80,559
Total operation of noninstructional services		457,068		558,589		478,030		80,559
Debt Service								
Principal		957,151		1,012,151		1,008,059		4,092
Interest		572,906		481,382		592,202		(110,820)
Total debt service		1,530,057	_	1,493,533	_	1,600,261	_	(106,728)
Total expenditures		16,632,551	_	16,651,958	_	16,077,928		574,030
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from long term financing		_		_		6,050,000		6,050,000
Payment to refund long term debt		_		_		(5,990,000)		(5,990,000)
Original issue bond premium		_		_		188,519		188,519
Interfund transfers		(184,918)		(184,918)		(184,918)		-
Budgetary reserve		-		-		-		_
Total other financing sources and uses	_	(184,918)	_	(184,918)	_	63,601		248,519
Net change in fund balances	\$	(455,582)	\$	(455,582)	\$	1,525,179	\$	1,980,761

# FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Public School Employees' Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proposition of the	nool District's ortionate Share ne Net Pension bility (Asset)	School District's Covered Payroll - easurement Period	School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2016	0.0512%	\$	22,177,438	\$ 6,583,949	336.84%	54.36%
2015	0.0522%	\$	20,661,134	\$ 6,666,890	309.91%	57.24%

### **NOTES**

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PSERS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

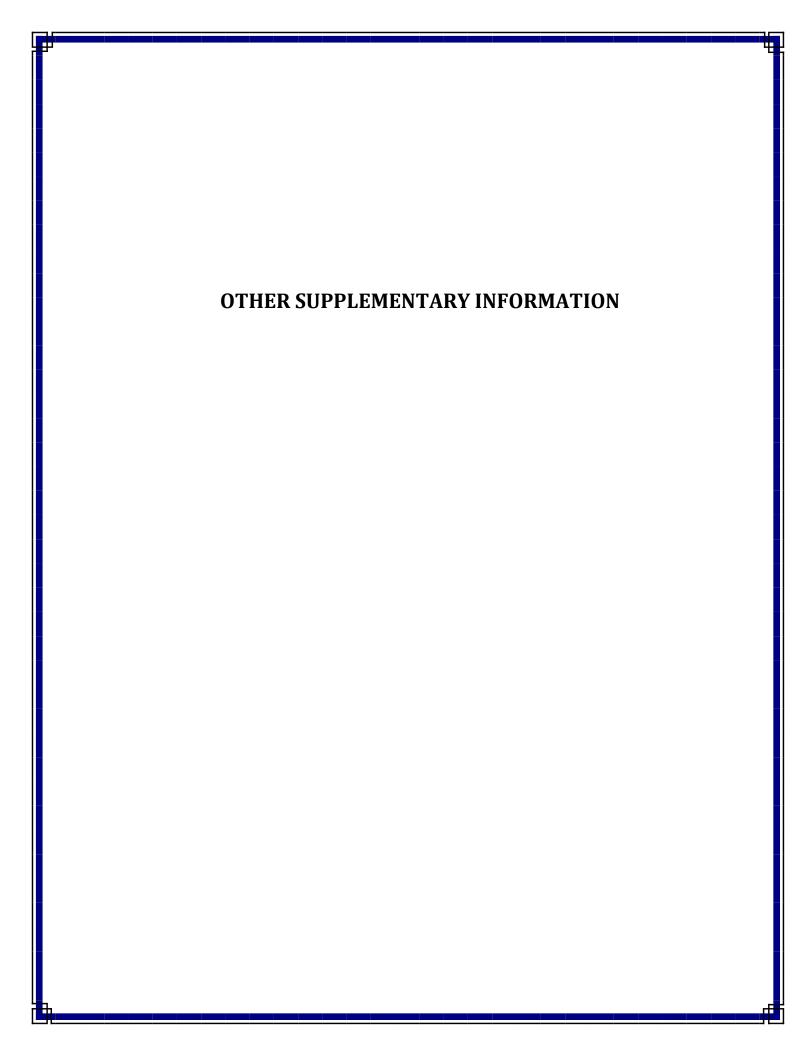
This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

### FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of School District's Contributions – Public Employee's Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	nded Required		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	De	tribution ficiency Excess)	vered Payroll - Fiscal Year	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	
2016	\$	1,648,379	\$ 1,648,379	\$	-	\$ 6,844,193	24.1%	
2015	\$	1,324,963	\$ 1,324,963	\$	-	\$ 6,583,949	20.1%	

### Note

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.



### FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Detailed Original Budget Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original	Actual	,	Variance
REVENUES FROM LOCAL SOURCES	<u> </u>			
Taxes				
Current and interim real estate taxes	\$ 7,426,726	\$ 7,630,797	\$	204,071
Public utility realty taxes	12,250	12,000		(250)
Payments in lieu of taxes	8,626	8,626		-
Current Act 511 taxes - flat rate assessments	1,947,766	2,773,549		825,783
Delinquencies on taxes levied/assessed	 200,000	 277,238		77,238
Total taxes	 9,595,368	 10,702,210		1,106,842
Earnings on investments	30,000	28,435		(1,565)
Revenue from intermediary sources	127,000	146,231		19,231
Rentals	22,000	20,421		(1,579)
Contributions and donations from private sources	25,000	29,806		4,806
Refunds and other miscellaneous revenue	 144,455	 205,269		60,814
Total revenue from local sources	9,943,823	 11,132,372		1,188,549
REVENUE FROM STATE SOURCES				
Basic instructional funding	3,342,746	3,396,980		54,234
Tuition for orphans and private-home placements	5,000	1,819		(3,181)
Vocational education	24,200	26,039		1,839
Drivers education	-	2,625		2,625
Special education funding for school aged pupils	611,435	630,984		19,549
Transportation	350,000	497,967		147,967
Rental and sinking fund payments	182,561	<u>-</u>		(182,561)
Health services	20,900	19,787		(1,113)
State property tax reduction allocation	459,877	459,877		-
Ready to Learn block grant	118,631	147,924		29,293
State share of social security and retirement	 1,156,197	 1,084,408		(71,789)
Total revenue from state sources	 6,271,547	 6,268,410		(3,137)
REVENUE FROM FEDERAL SOURCES				
ESEA - Title I	98,113	94,018		(4,095)
ESEA - Title II	31,987	30,656		(1,331)
Vocational education	 16,417	 14,050		(2,367)
Total revenue from federal sources	 146,517	 138,724		(7,793)
Total revenues	\$ 16,361,887	\$ 17,539,506	\$	1,177,619

### FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Detailed Original Budget Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original	Actual	1	/ariance
INSTRUCTION	0		•	
Regular programs				
Elementary/Secondary	\$ 6,623,165	\$ 6,247,286	\$	375,879
Special programs				
Gifted students	28,809	29,727		(918)
Learning support	2,333,727	 2,101,942		231,785
Total special programs	 2,362,536	 2,131,669		230,867
Vocational educational programs				
Agricultural education	93,934	129,351		(35,417)
Home economics education	99,641	97,308		2,333
Industrial arts education	101,401	100,539		862
Business education	271,217	279,811		(8,594)
Technical education	 161,000	 136,779		24,221
Total vocational education	 727,193	743,788		(16,595)
Other instructional programs				
Drivers education	87,515	66,292		21,223
Additional education	15,200	27,804		(12,604)
Community/Junior College programs	3,100	-		3,100
Total other instructional programs	105,815	94,096		11,719
Total instruction	 9,818,709	 9,216,839		601,870
SUPPORT SERVICES				
Pupil personnel guidance	 447,268	 495,517		(48,249)
Instructional staff				
Professional services	653	20		633
School library	238,346	240,637		(2,291)
Curriculum and staff development	19,300	13,356		5,944
Total instructional staff	258,299	254,013		4,286
Administration				
Board services	70,067	78,498		(8,431)
Tax assisted services	83,791	89,629		(5,838)
Legal	50,000	41,722		8,278
Office of Superintendent	400,653	356,135		44,518
Office of Principal	794,025	755,737		38,288
Other	-,	139,366		(139,366)
Total administration	\$ 1,398,536	\$ 1,461,087	\$	(62,551)

### FAIRFIELD AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Detailed Original Budget Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original	Actual	Variance
Pupil health	\$ 122,366	\$ 139,791	\$ (17,425)
Business	308,350	303,348	5,002
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,137,261	1,086,931	50,330
Student transportation	846,337	791,145	55,192
Central and other support services	308,300	250,966	57,334
Total support services	4,826,717	4,782,798	43,919
OPERATION OF NON-INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES			
Student activities and community services School sponsored student activities	64,050	91,120	(27,070)
School sponsored athletics	392,018	386,910	5,108
Community services	1,000	500,710	1,000
Total operations of non-instructional services	457,068	478,030	(20,962)
DEBT SERVICE			
Principal	957,151	1,008,059	(50,908)
Interest	572,906	592,202	(19,296)
Total debt service	1,530,057	1,600,261	(70,204)
Total expenditures	16,632,551	16,077,928	554,623
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from long term financing	-	6,050,000	6,050,000
Payment to refund long term debt	-	(5,990,000)	(5,990,000)
Original issue bond premium	-	188,519	188,519
Interfund transfers	(184,918)	(184,918)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(184,918)	63,601	248,519
Net change in fund balance	\$ (455,582)	\$ 1,525,179	\$ 1,980,761